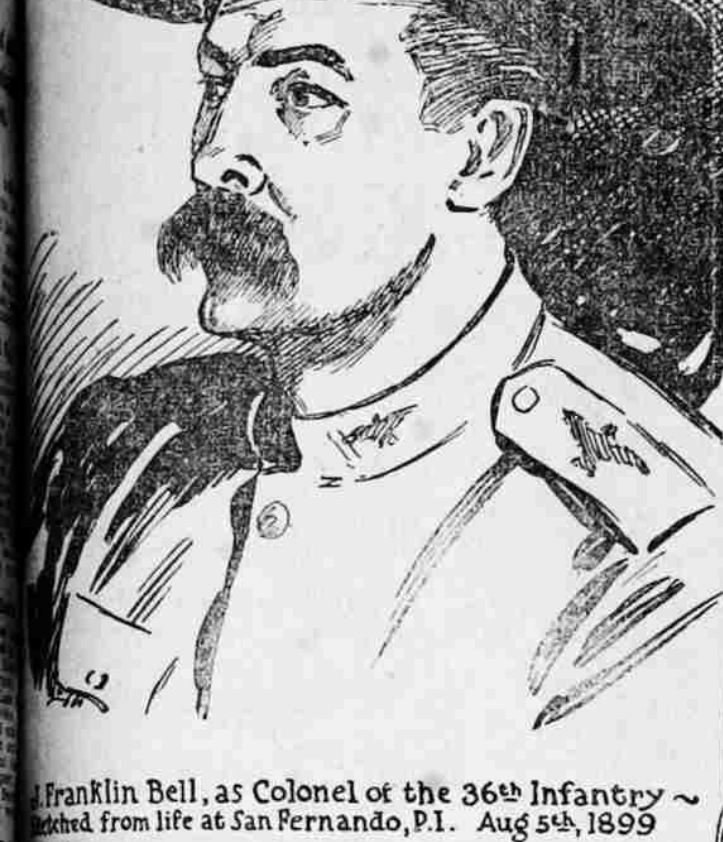


SALT LAKE CITY UTAH, SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1906.

J. FRANKLIN BELL
NEW CHIEF OF STAFF

PHILIPPINE NOTES AND SKETCHES BY William Bengough

J. Franklin Bell, as Colonel of the 36th Infantry ~
sketched from life at San Fernando, P.I. Aug 5th, 1899Bell, as Colonel of the 36th, leading a night
attack on Batarlor through the flooded rice
fields

Gen. V. Thomas. In the thirties a certain cavalry, whose regiment was not West, found himself out of money. A lieutenant to whom this lieutenant looked at the situation; he did not doubt. Further, he promised if there was any money.

With himself. Then he obtained leave of absence for a period of three months. He went from town to town. By the time his leave expired the last of the money—his profits—in his pocket was no longer necessary.

How Bell Reported to MacArthur. Bell's unconventional ways of doing things developed with his reputation as chief of scouts.

One day, when the sun was making the whole visible world sizzle, Maj. Bell found himself at Santo Tomas, with Gen. Hale's brigade. Hale's men were on the road. A broad swamp lay at its base. Away at the other side of the swamp was the railway embankment, and there was Gen. MacArthur.

The chief of scouts wished to report to the General. He was in a hurry. He stripped off his clothes, left them on the road, and clad only in a belt, inconspicuously buckled around his middle, and his campaign hat, he rode his horse into the swamp.

After wading through the swamp, Maj. Bell was making his way to an earthen vessel in a deserted Filipino house. He confiscated this, that he might be able to better to clean himself and his horse.

As the two men stood before each other, one visibly astonished, the other gravely, Bell, who had been a volunteer, began to talk. He had previously been a volunteer in the United States.

When the Second division, in the summer of 1899, went into quarters at San Fernando for the rainy season, Maj. Bell was made a Colonel of volunteers.

Now, among the discharged volunteers were quite a number of men who would rather fight than eat. Home had been exciting work in prospect, and especially under the best of circumstances.

One of Col. Bell's lieutenants was a man of the name of Ferguson. He had been a private under Pimston. At Calumpit, where Ferguson was erroneously given credit of having sworn the Rio Grande, credit of having sworn the Rio Grande.



Bell, as Colonel of the 36th, leading a charge of his mounted men

at it again—this time not with his boys, but only a few mounted officers. There was nothing left for the battalion to do but to follow Bell back in the dark.

The Night Attack on Batarlor. The regiment's campaign was, indeed, a whirlwind one. It began with a night attack on Batarlor in August of 1899.

So rapidly did Bell press on that the orderlies who followed at daylight with the saddle horses were cut off by the insurgents in the rear.

It is doubtful whether Bell himself could tell how many nights he brought about during the next six months. Hardly a day passed without its adventure.

Thus, one evening, he swooped down upon Angas, a Filipino stronghold, with a small company of officers and men.

While he was in the field he insisted on making payment for commandeered supplies to all natives, proving ownership.

Another characteristic trait won him the respect of the Filipinos generally.

While he was in the field he insisted on making payment for commandeered supplies to all natives, proving ownership.

Another characteristic trait won him the respect of the Filipinos generally.

While he was in the field he insisted on making payment for commandeered supplies to all natives, proving ownership.

Another characteristic trait won him the respect of the Filipinos generally.

While he was in the field he insisted on making payment for commandeered supplies to all natives, proving ownership.

When in his forty-third year when he got his great opportunity in the Philippines. He was 50 on the 9th of last January, but he has taken such excellent care of himself that he looks about ten years younger than the records make him to be.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

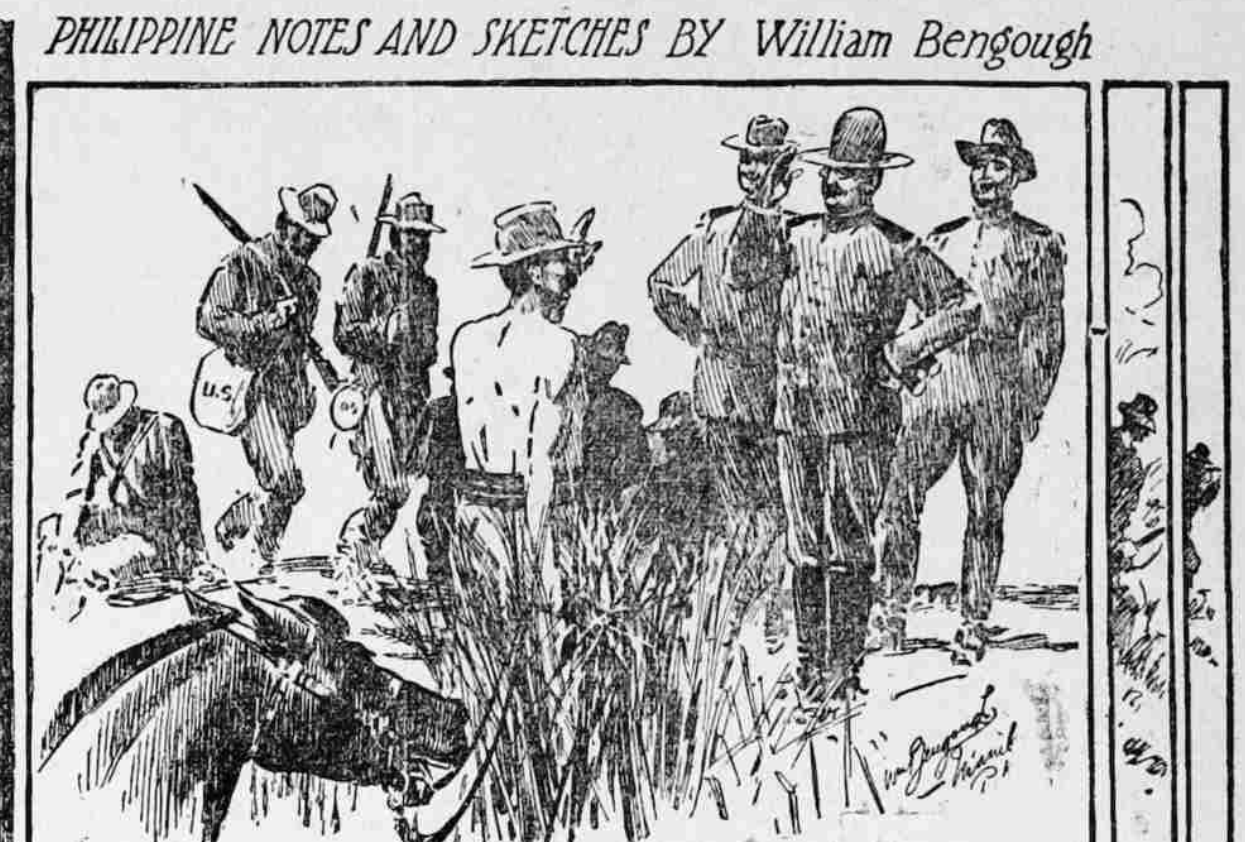
He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.

He is Kentucky born, Shelbyville being his birthplace. There he received a common school education, after which he entered West Point, graduating in 1878.



Bell, as Chief of Scouts, reporting to Gen. McArthur at Santo Tomas after crossing a swamp ~



Bell, as Chief of Scouts, watching insurgents building trenches ~

For sixteen years thereafter, excepting about five weeks with the Ninth cavalry, he served on the plains with the Seventh cavalry.

During this period James W. Forsyth, now a retired Major-General, became Colonel of the regiment. This was in 1886. In 1894 Col. Forsyth became a Brigadier-General, and from then on till the outbreak of the Spanish-American war, Lieut. Bell was an aide to his old Colonel in California, Arizona and Washington.

Such, in brief, was Bell's career before he was ordered to the Philippines.

Bell's Tactics His Own. Bell's experiences as chief of scouts led him to the belief that the only way to fight the Filipinos was in whirlwind style.

After he had formed his regiment, and while he was waiting for orders to go to the front, Col. Bell daily gathered his officers around him in school and proceeded to teach them the tactics he had evolved.

Col. Bell's method of maintaining discipline is peculiar of the whole man. Reprimands were administered in the form of reasonable talks between man and man.

As a usual thing, this sufficed. But when he failed to heed his advice kindly given, the next time he was up there was straight talk that could not be forgotten, or punishment of a more severe character.

"You see, it's this way," a guilty one explained, "I don't like this hauling up, but we all know the old man on the square, and so it's all right, damn me, if I ain't!"

It was while he was on the expedition that took him to Dagupan that Col. Bell learned for a certainty that the rank of Brigadier-General had been conferred on him.

One morning there appeared unexpectedly on the crest of a hill the detachment from the regiment which had been campaigning on the other side of the mountain.

The men let out a cheer and then came down into the valley with the news that the rank of Brigadier-General had been conferred on him.

There is no other medicine as safe for a child as Cascarets, the fragrant little Candy Tablet, that has saved thousands of families from unhappiness.

The Nursing Mother even in good health should always keep her own Bowels Loose, and her Milk Mildly Purgative by taking a Cascaret at night before going to bed.

No other medicine has this remarkable and valuable quality. Mama takes the Cascaret, Baby gets the Benefit.

The mere fact that he went there only a First Lieutenant speaks volumes. But once opportunity came in a larger field where innate ability and genius to adapt one's self to new surroundings could shine, Franklin Bell made up for lost time in quick order, and so successfully that he is now the really big man of the army.

And if he brings to his new field the freshness that he displayed in the Philippines during the fifteen months following his advent there, mighty interesting news about him is constantly coming out of the chief of staff's office on and after April 14.

Copyright, 1906, by Eugene Parsons.

TOO LATE?



all the Nourishment out of Baby's Natural Food.

Larger children cannot always be watched, and will eat unreasonably. The Ready Remedy should ever be at hand—Cascarets—to take care of the trouble when it comes.

No need to Force or Bribe children to take Cascarets. They are always more than ready to eat the sweet little bit of Candy.

Repulsive medicine forced on the little ones does more harm than good.

Home is not complete without the ever ready Box of Cascarets. Ten cents buys a small one at the Corner Drug Store.

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

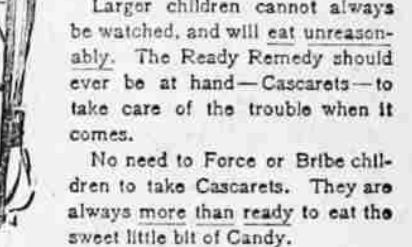
We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed, GOLD PLATED BUNION BOX, hand-colored in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets, with which this pretty trinket is loaded. Send to-day, mentioning this paper. Address: Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

There is no other medicine as safe for a child as Cascarets, the fragrant little Candy Tablet, that has saved thousands of families from unhappiness.

The Nursing Mother even in good health should always keep her own Bowels Loose, and her Milk Mildly Purgative by taking a Cascaret at night before going to bed.

No other medicine has this remarkable and valuable quality. Mama takes the Cascaret, Baby gets the Benefit.

Cascarets act like strengthening Exercise on the weak little bowels of the growing babe, and make them better able to get



713